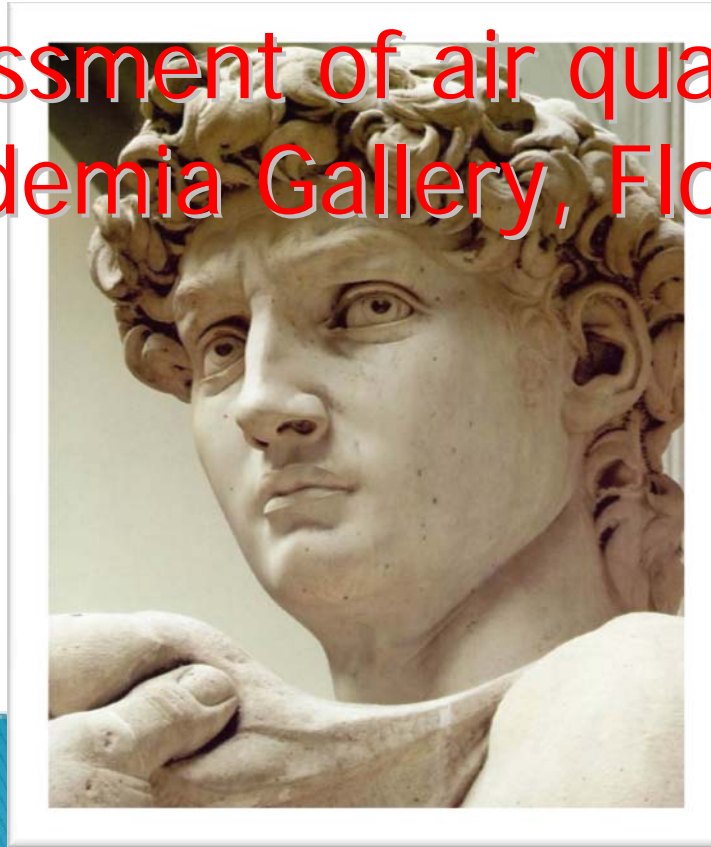


# The assessment of air quality at the Accademia Gallery, Florence



*Francesca Vichi*

**9<sup>th</sup> Indoor Air Quality Meeting**  
**Chalon sur Saône 21<sup>st</sup>–23<sup>rd</sup> of April 2010**

# Aim of the study

- ▶ Assessing of the air quality in different locations of the first floor where the statue is displayed;
- ▶ Testing the performances of HVAC (heating, ventilation, air conditioning system);
- ▶ Testing the effect of the public on the air quality inside the Gallery.

# Outline of the study



- ✓ Three months of measurements of gaseous pollutants (for each of two consecutive years)
- ✓ Six weeks of measurements of particles (during the following year)
- ✓ One intensive campaign of measurement of particles (lasting two days)

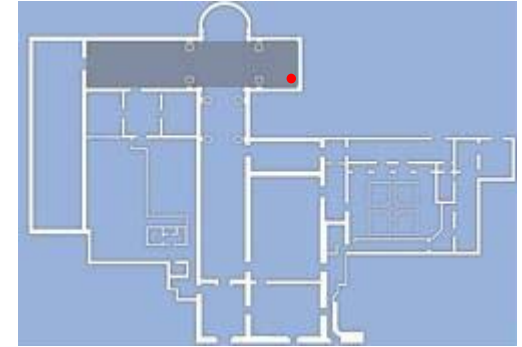
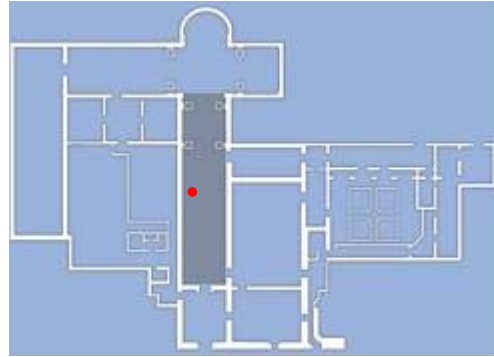
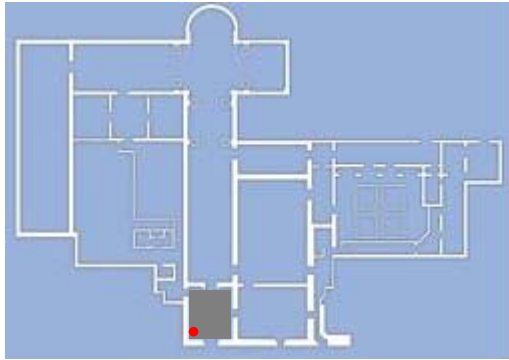
- ✓ Measurements of gaseous pollutants at three internal sites;
- ✓ Measurements of particles by gravimetry at two sites (one external and the other near the statue);
- ✓ XRF determination of metallic components of PM10;
- ✓ Intensive measurements of particles at different heights at three sampling points (right, left and in front of the statue) by nephelometry.



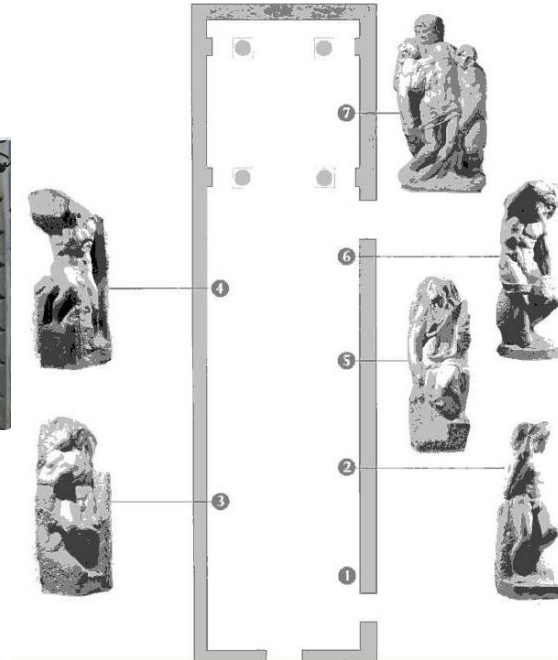
# Criteria for conducting an assessment of air quality aimed at the protection of marble made works of art

- **Measure** of **pollutants** affecting the conservation because of their **harmful potential**:  
SO<sub>2</sub> and other acidic gases for ex. HNO<sub>3</sub>  
and  
Particles;
- **Map** of the exhibition place especially along the possible **infiltration ways**;
- Taking into account the presence of **HVAC** system **test** its **performances** on protection from external pollutants and check for possible inhomogeneities of the distribution of pollutants inside.

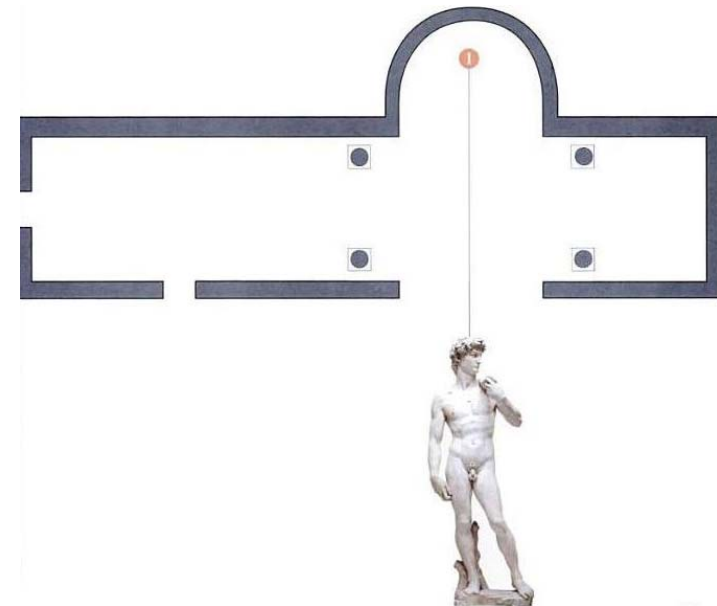
# Monitoring gaseous pollutants



Entrance



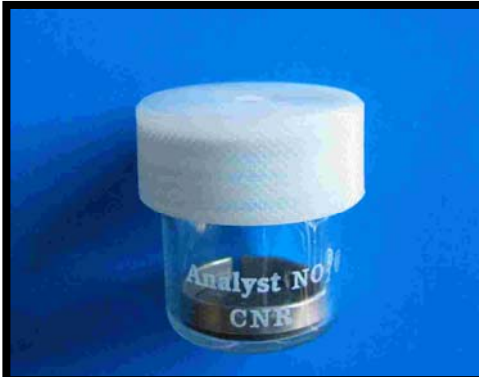
Prigioni's Gallery



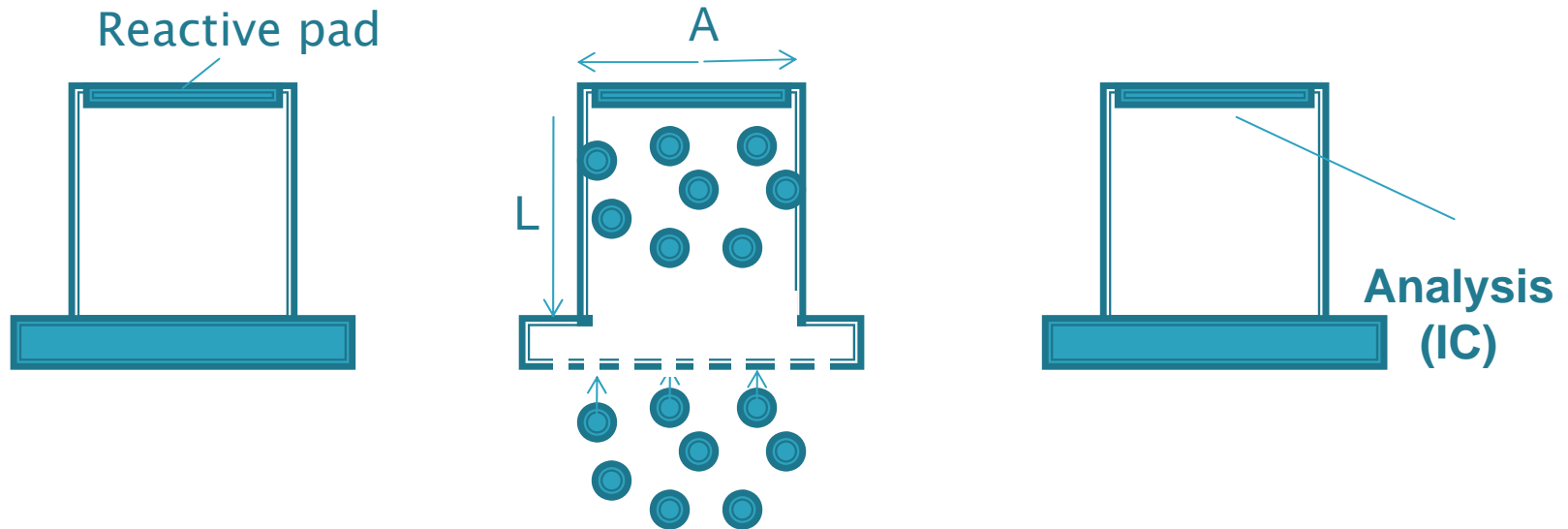
Michelangelo's David Tribune



# Monitoring gaseous pollutants



# Working principle of Diffusive sampling



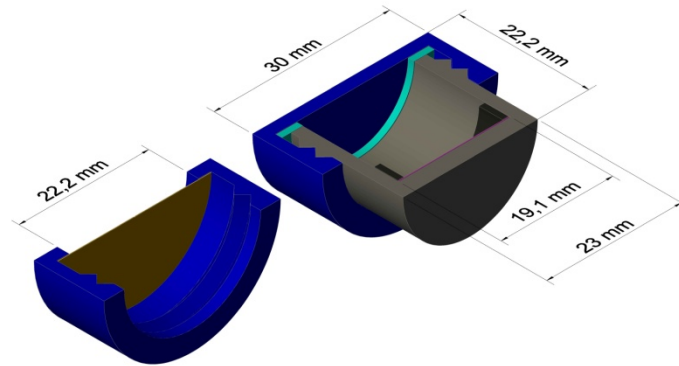
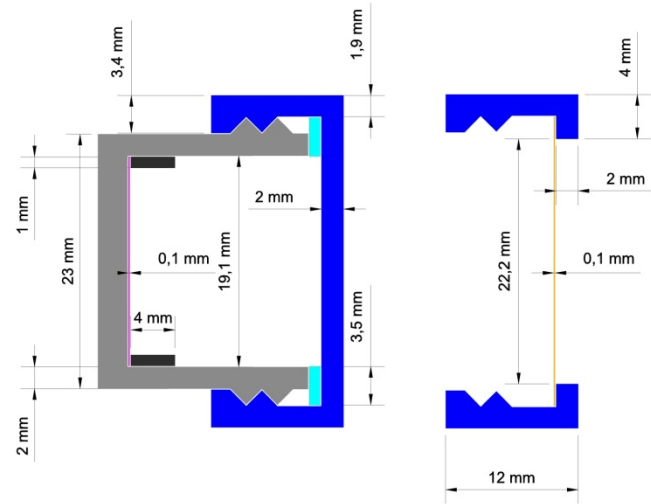
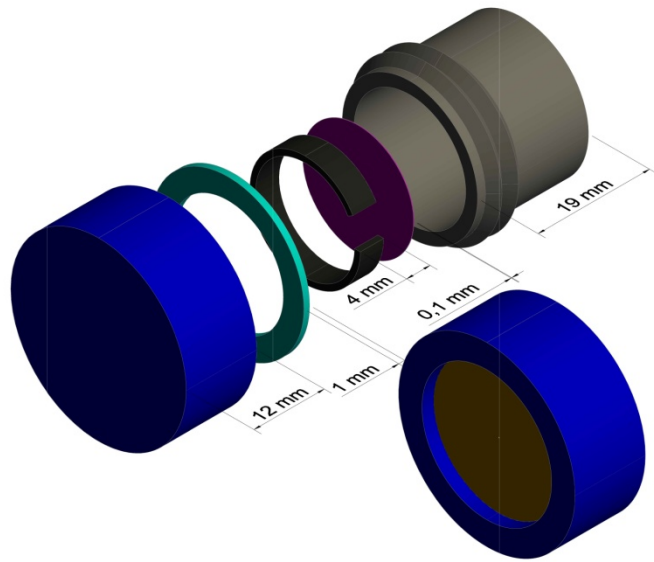
Fick's first law

$$\phi = -D \frac{dC}{dx}$$

$$\phi = S/A \Delta t$$

$$\frac{dC}{dx} = C_a - C_s$$

$$C_a = (S L / D A \Delta t) + C_s$$



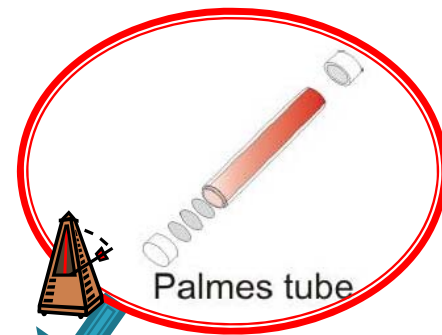




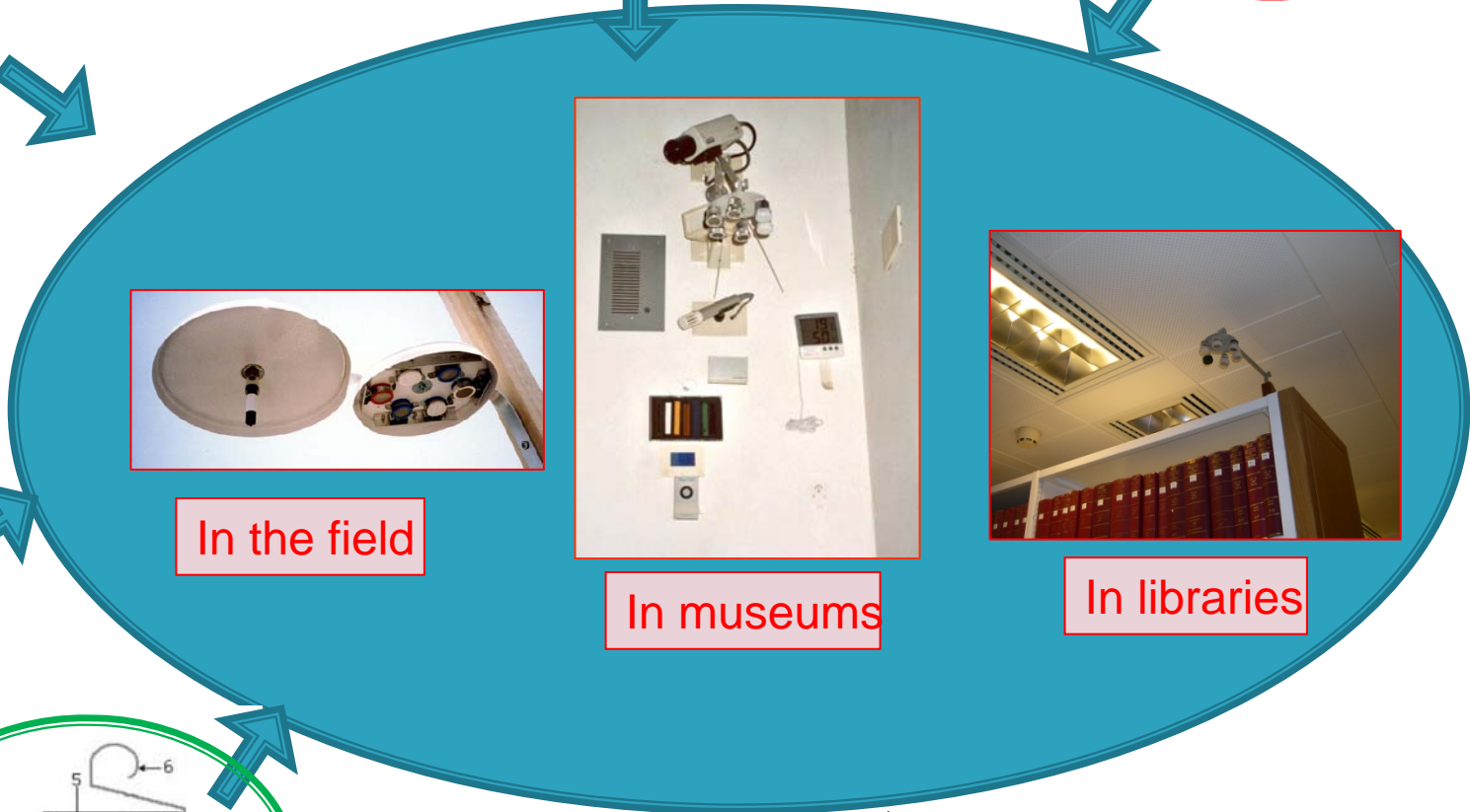
Radiello



Ogawa



Palmes tube



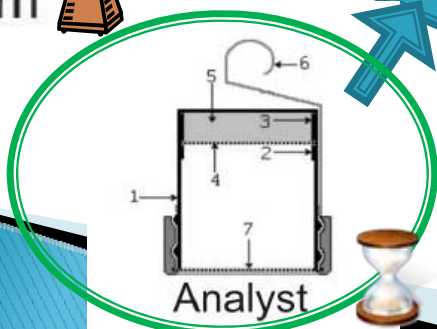
In the field

In museums

In libraries



Passam



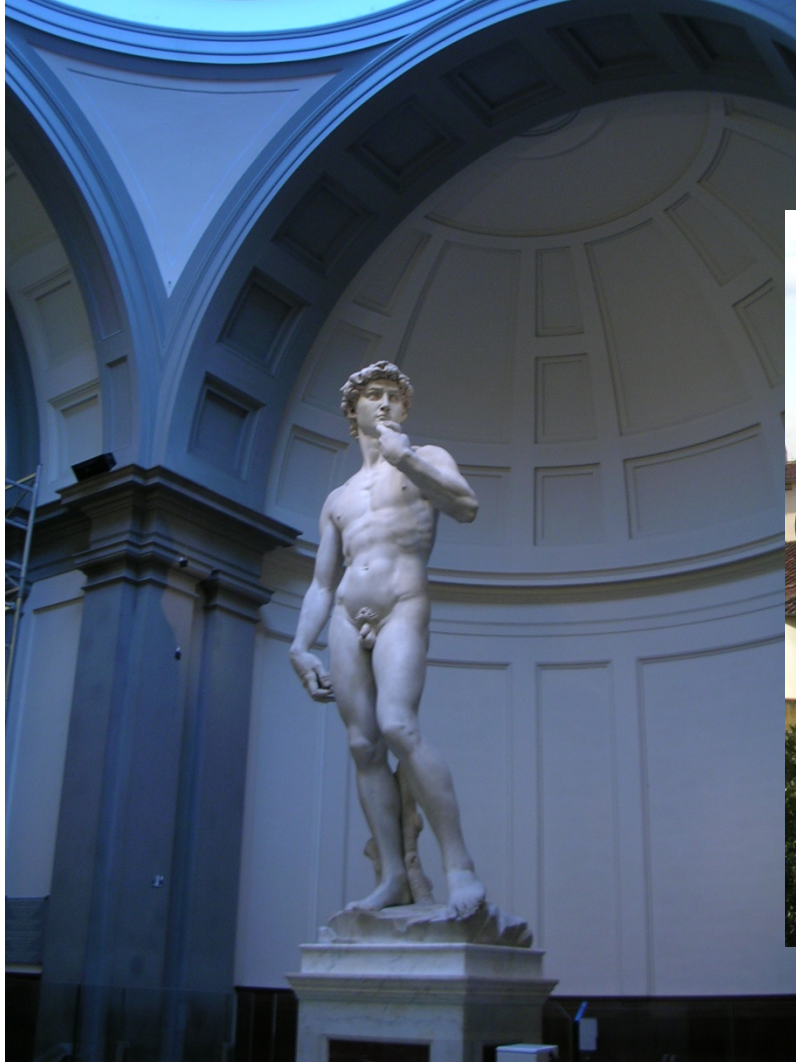
Analyst



Short term measurements

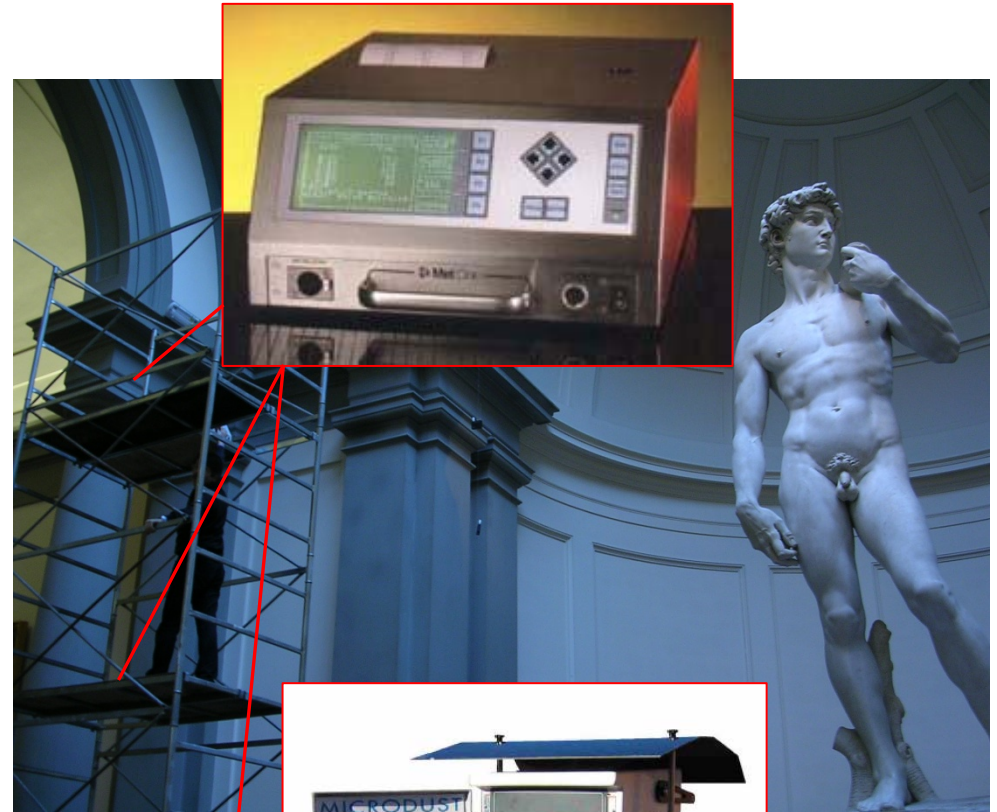


Long term measurements

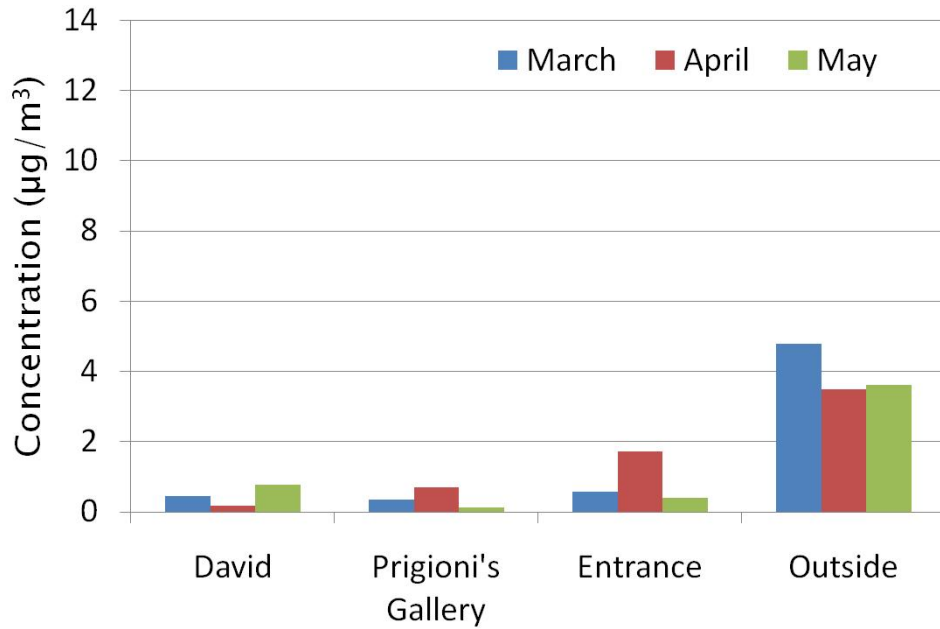




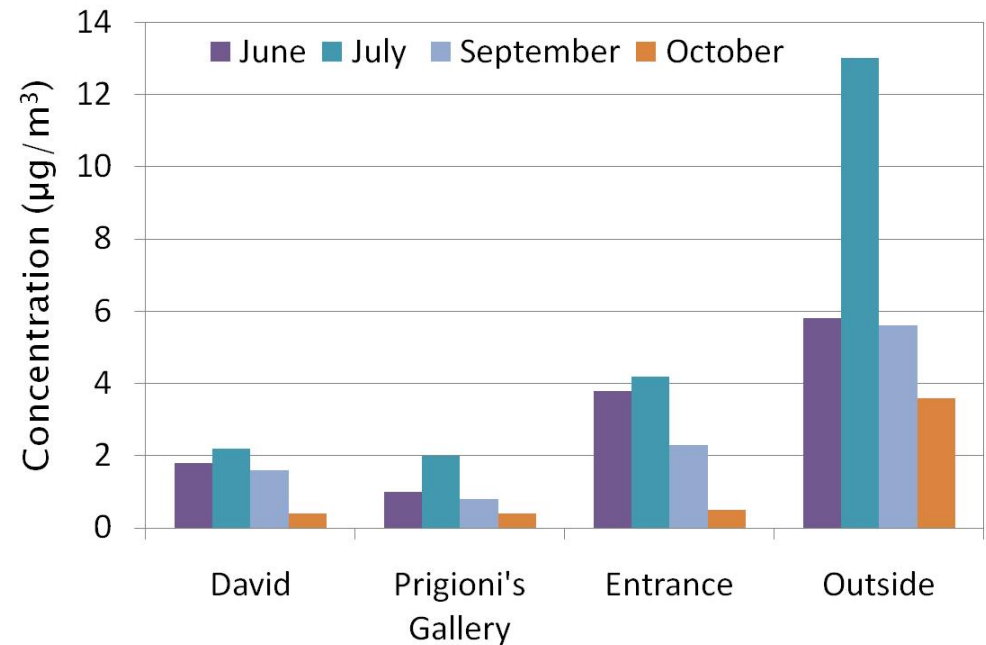
# Monitoring particles



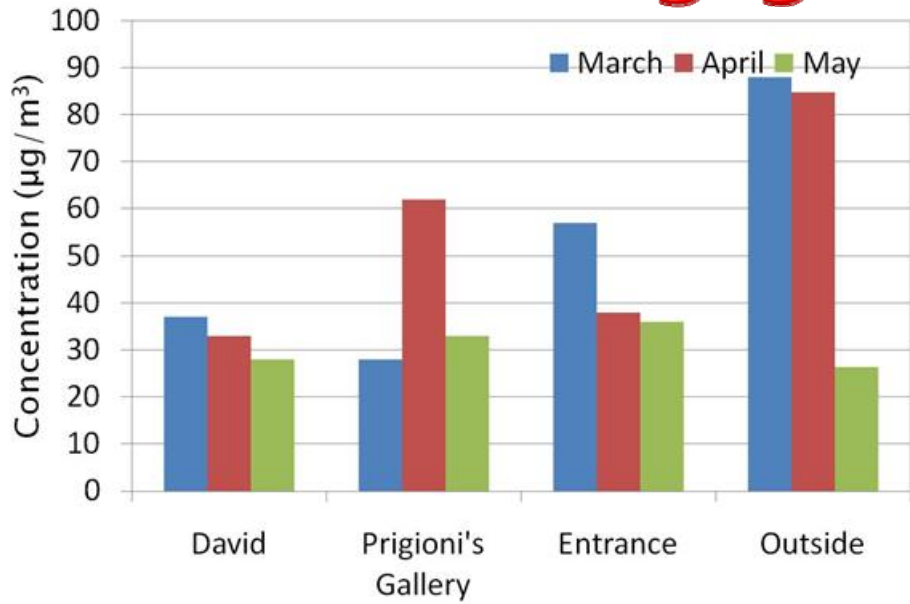
# Monitoring gaseous pollutants



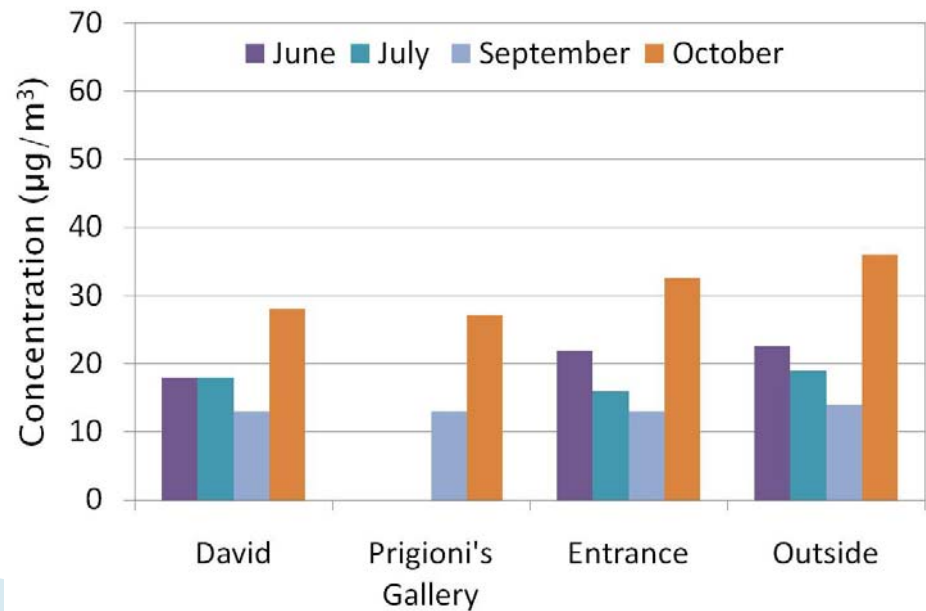
$\text{SO}_2$



# Monitoring gaseous pollutants

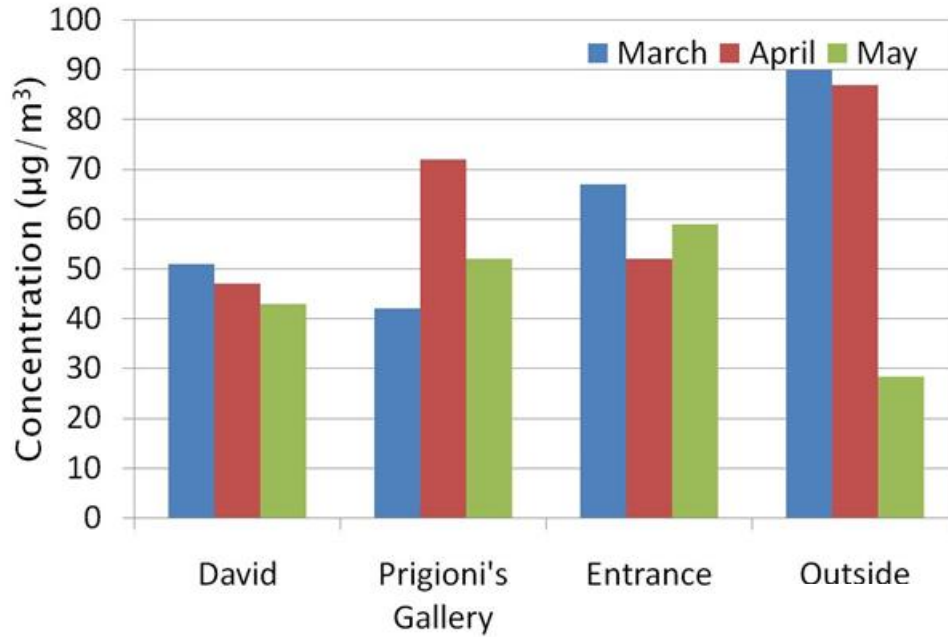


$\text{NO}_2$

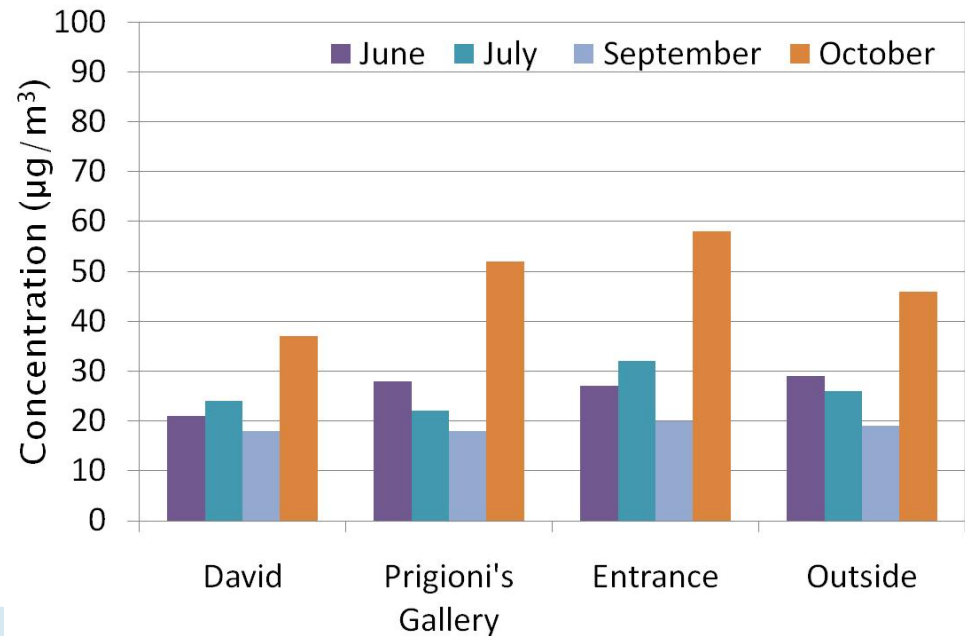




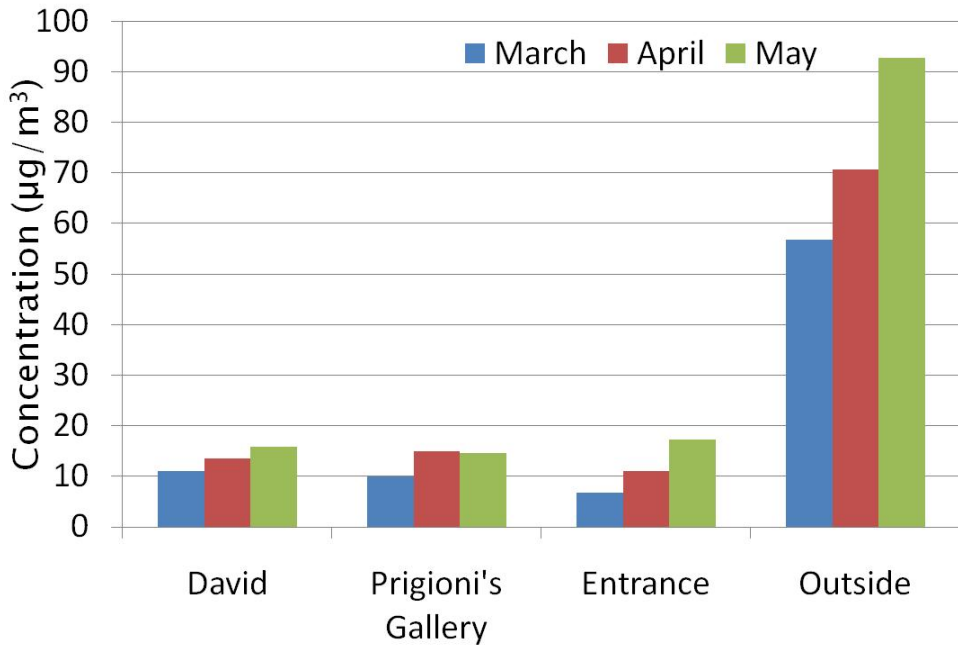
# Monitoring gaseous pollutants



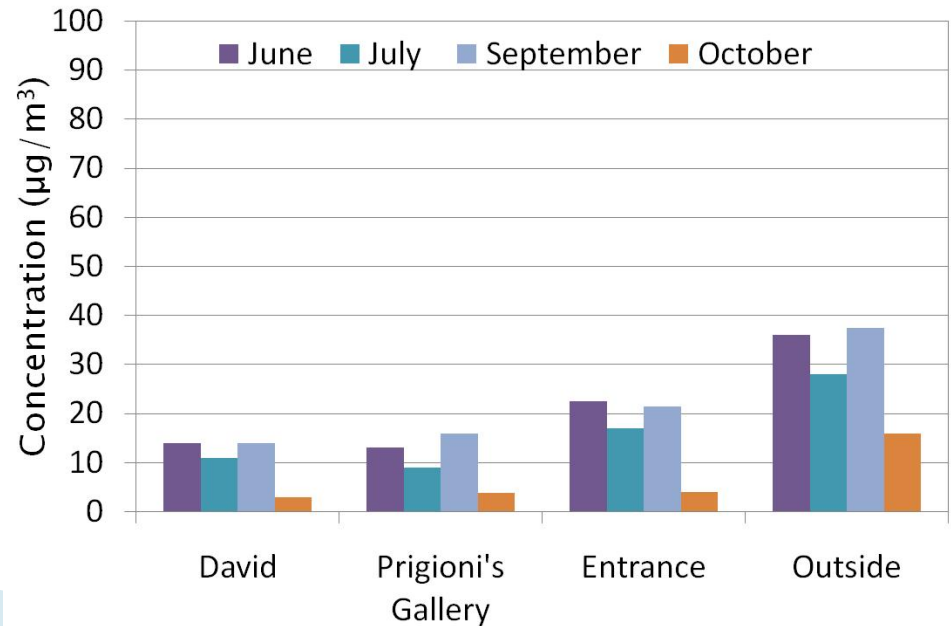
$\text{NO}_x$



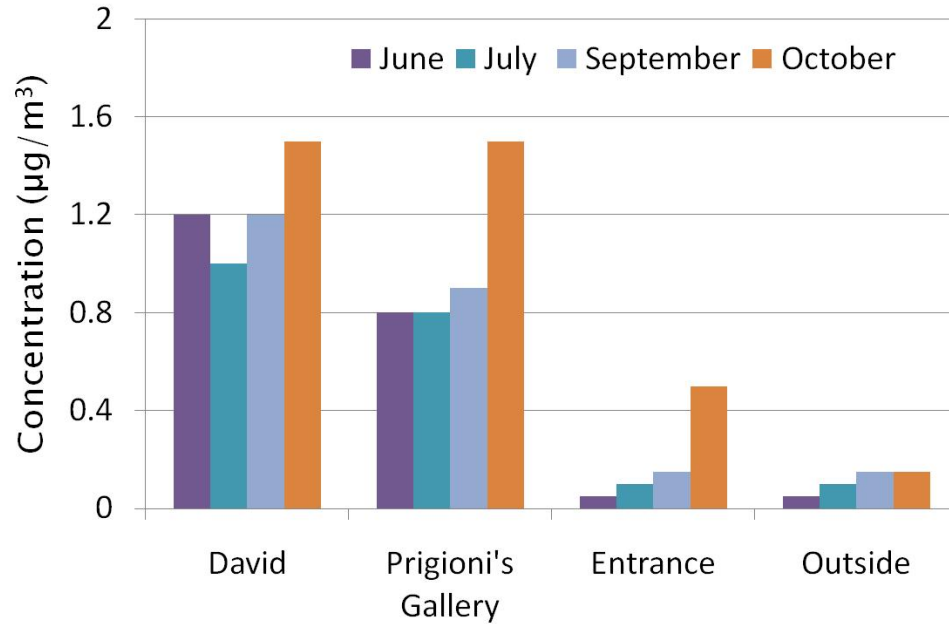
# Monitoring gaseous pollutants



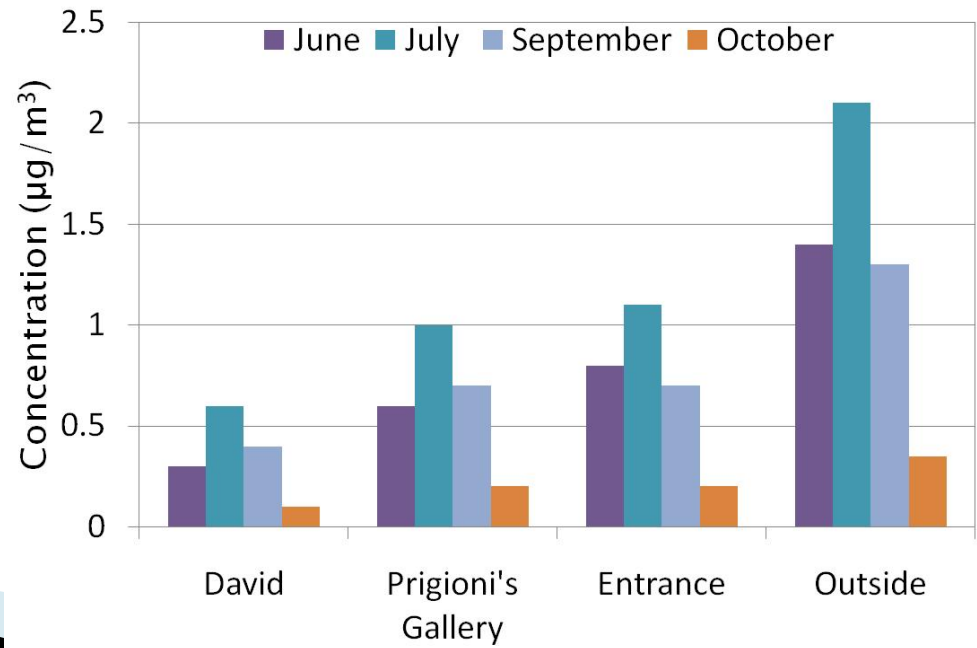
$O_3$



# Monitoring gaseous pollutants



$\text{HNO}_2$



$\text{HNO}_3$

# Evaluation of the influence of outside environment on indoor air quality

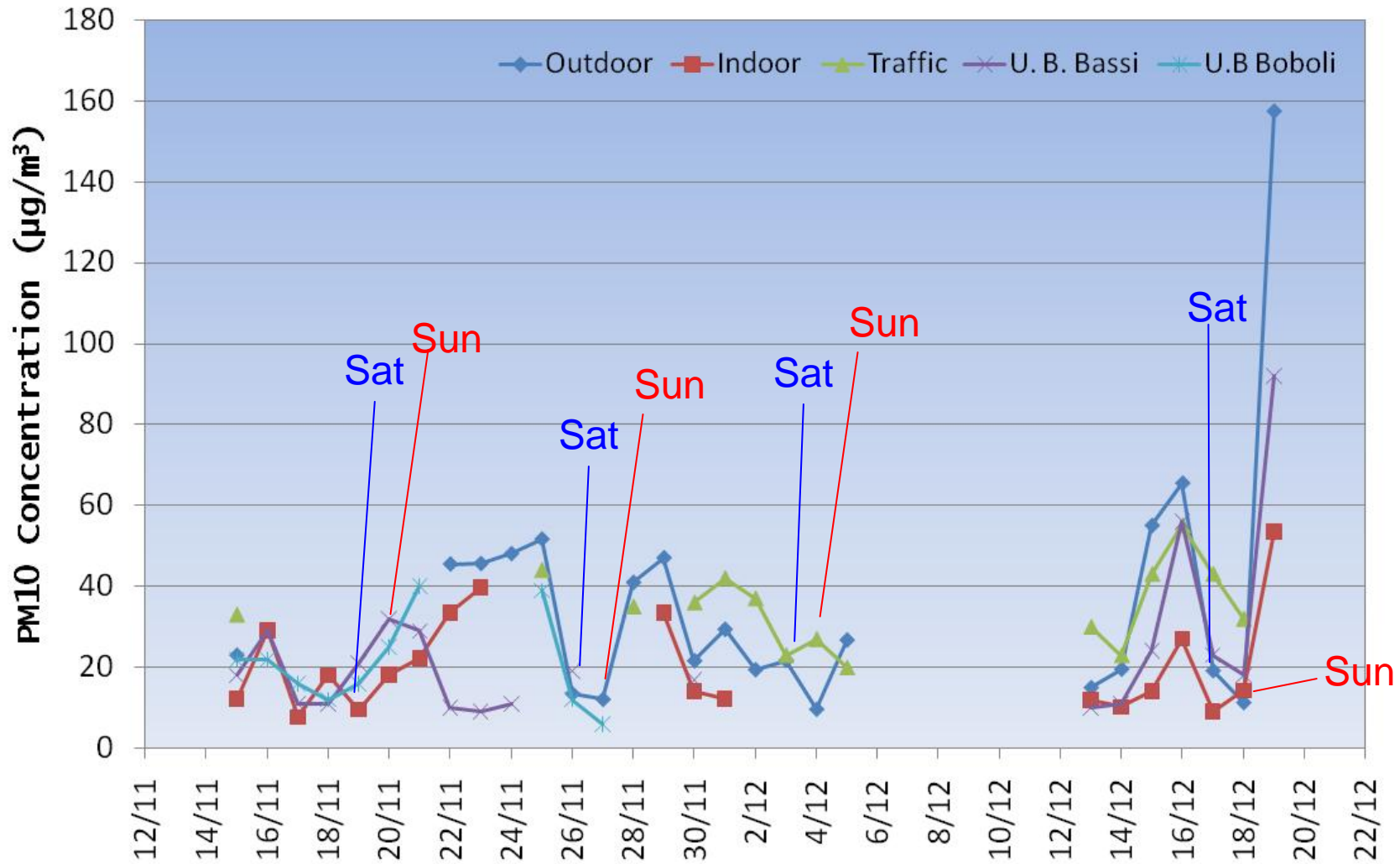
| Compound                | Indoor/Outdoor | Observations                             |
|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| Sulphur Dioxide         | 0.1-0.5        |  |
| Carbon Dioxide          | 1-3            |  |
| Carbon Monoxide         | <1             | No internal sources of CO                |
|                         | 1-5            | With internal sources of CO              |
| Nitrogen Dioxide        | 0.5-1          | No internal sources of NO <sub>2</sub>   |
|                         | 2-5            | With internal sources of NO <sub>2</sub> |
| Ozone                   | 0.1-0.25       | No internal sources of O <sub>3</sub>    |
| Particles               | 1              | No smokers                               |
|                         | >2             | Smokers                                  |
| Radon                   | 3-5            |  |
| Formaldehyde            | 10             |  |
| Aromatic Hydrocarbons   | 1-3            |  |
| Polycyclic Hydrocarbons | 0.5            | No smokers                               |
| Hydrocarbons            | >1             | Smokers                                  |

# Indoor/Outdoor Ratio

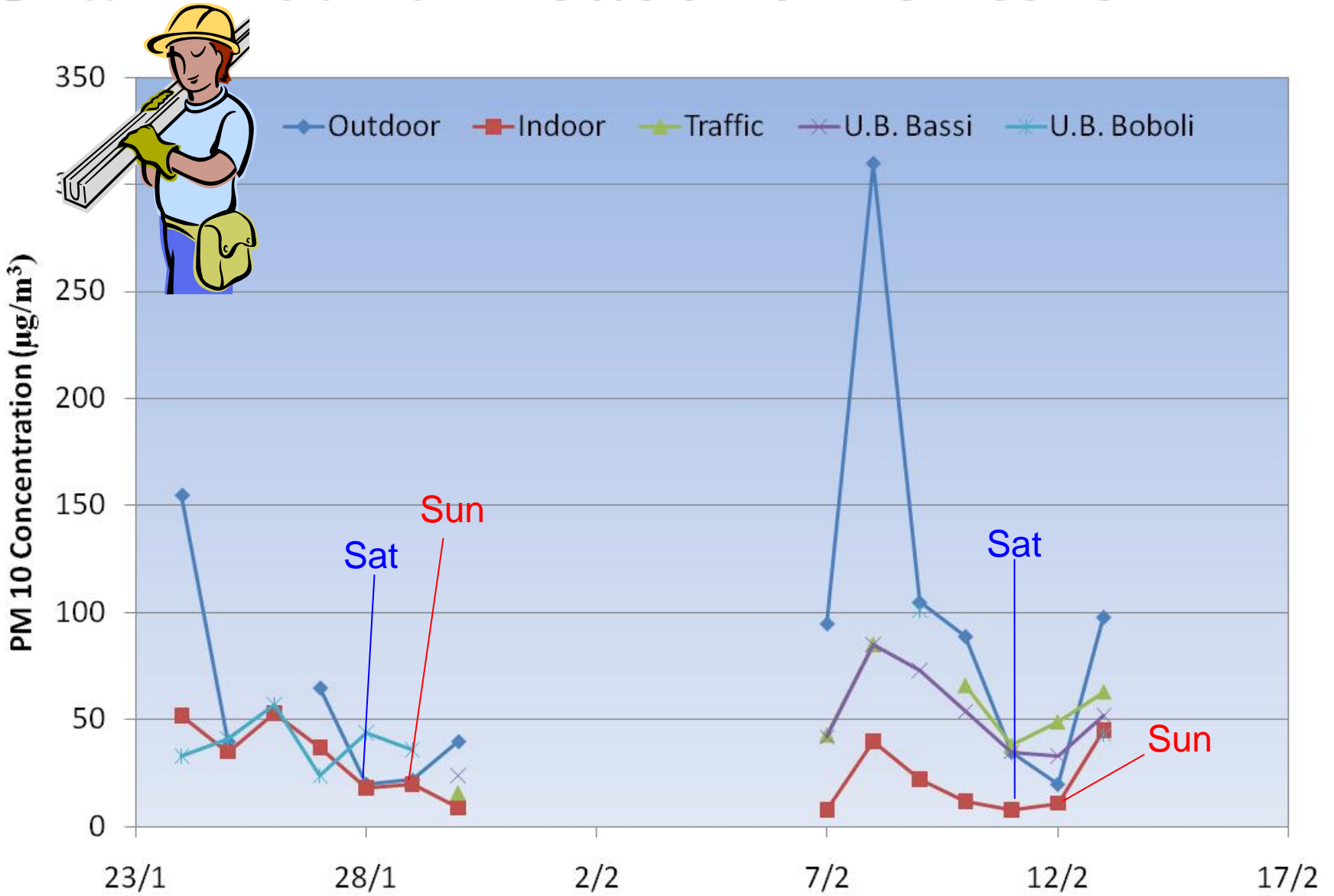
|                  | David<br>(Tribune) | Uffizi/Leonardo<br>(Room 15) | Uffizi/Dürer<br>(Room 20) |
|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| NO <sub>2</sub>  | 0.82               | 0.55                         | 0.51                      |
| O <sub>3</sub>   | 0.37               | 0.11                         | 0.08                      |
| SO <sub>2</sub>  | 0.20               | 0.16                         | 0.12                      |
| HNO <sub>3</sub> | 0.27               | 0.21                         | 0.06                      |
| NO <sub>x</sub>  | 0.85               | 0.84                         | 0.89                      |
| HONO             | 6.03               | 8.02                         | 12.03                     |



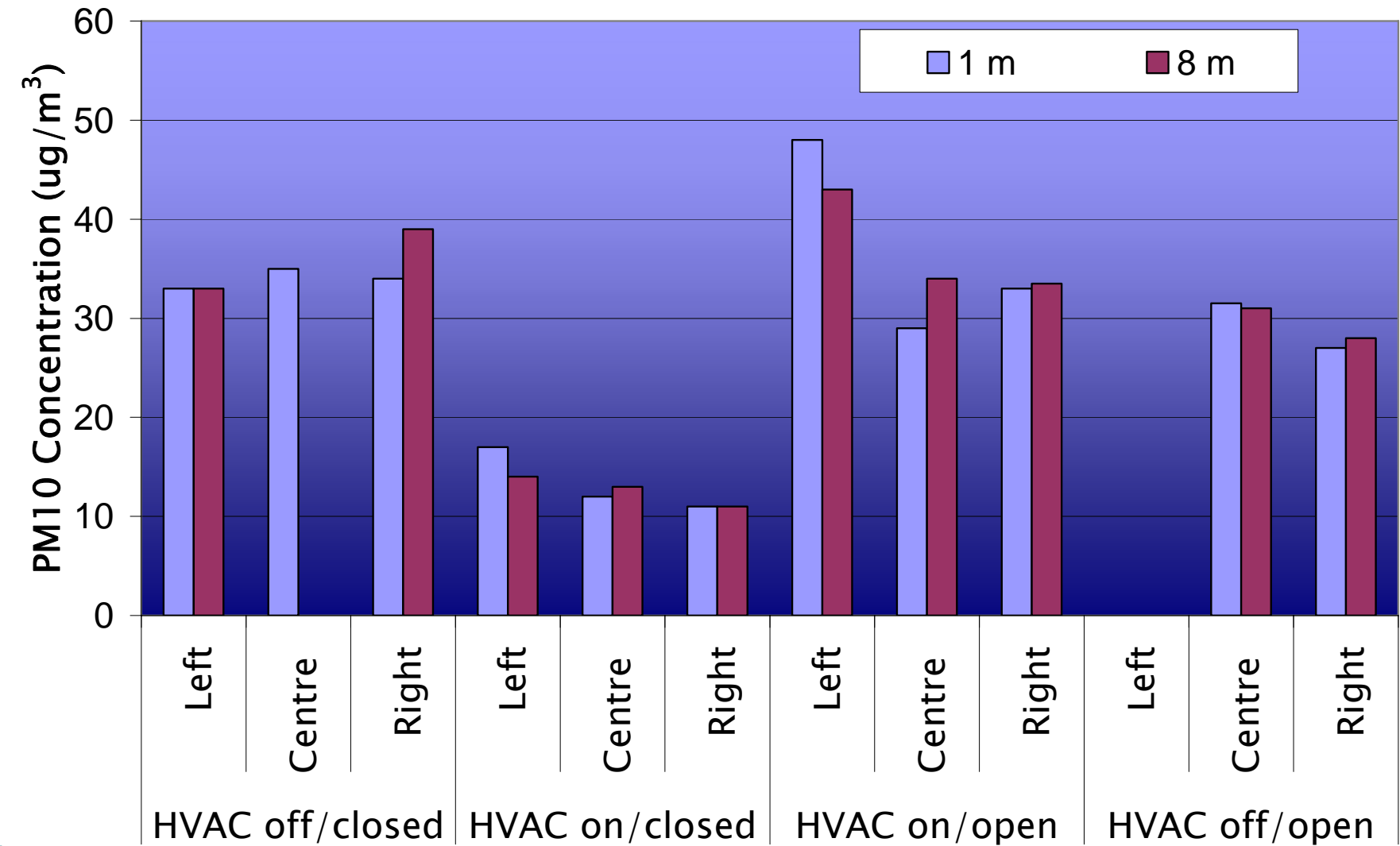
# Gravimetric Measurements of PM10

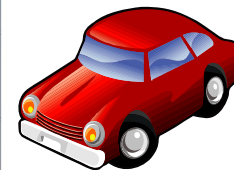
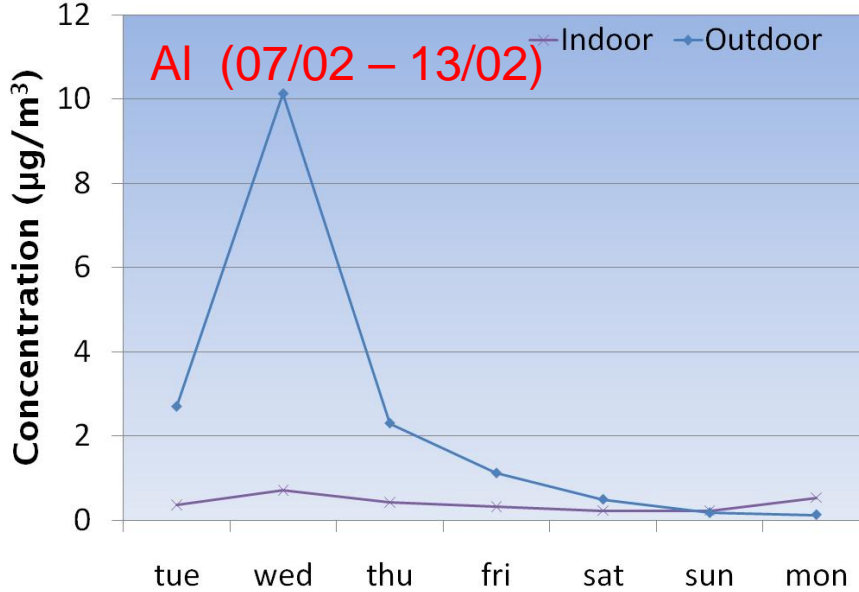
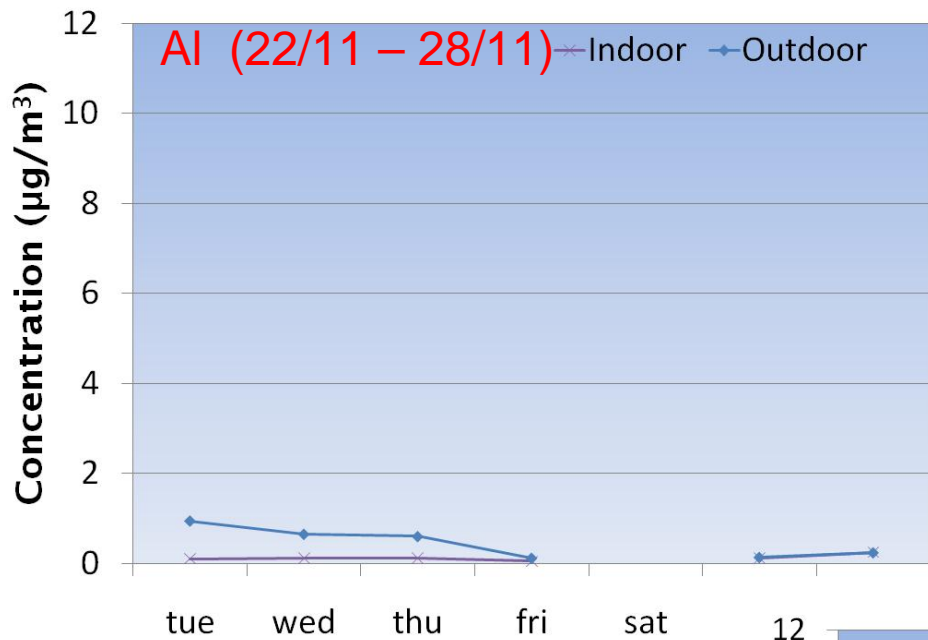


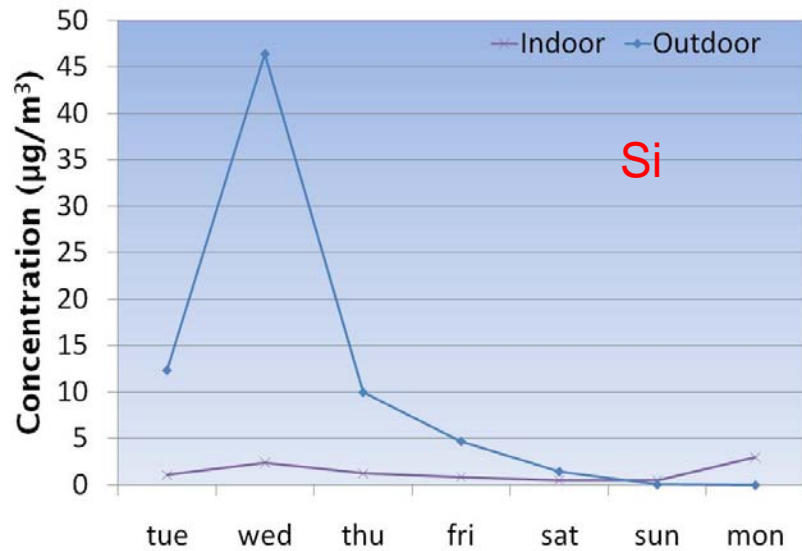
# Gravimetric Measurements of PM10



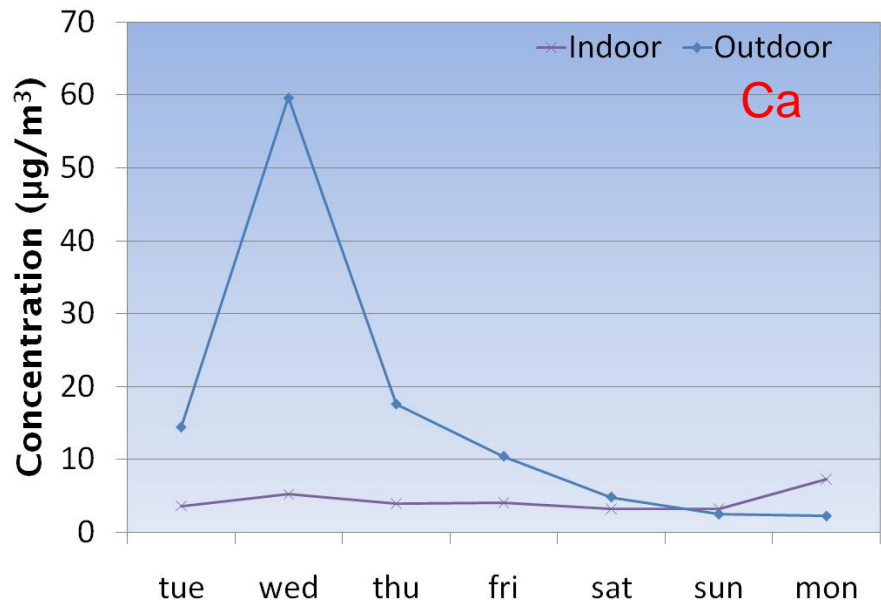
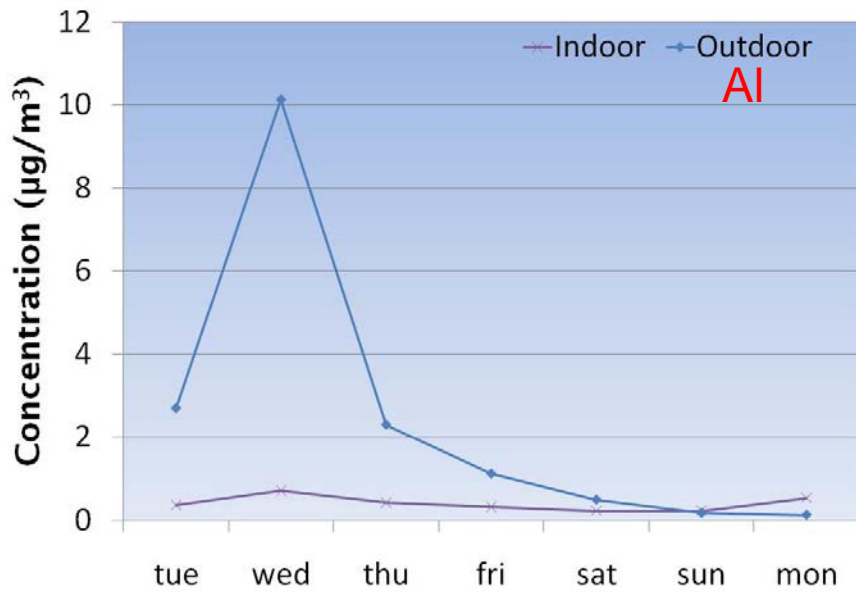
# Nephelometric Measurements of PM10







07/02 – 13/02





# Conclusions

- Safe levels of SO<sub>2</sub> were found;
- HVAC system seemed to be effective (also in the worst conditions);
- No vertical gradients nor noticeable differences in concentrations were found in proximity of the statue.

**Thank you!**

